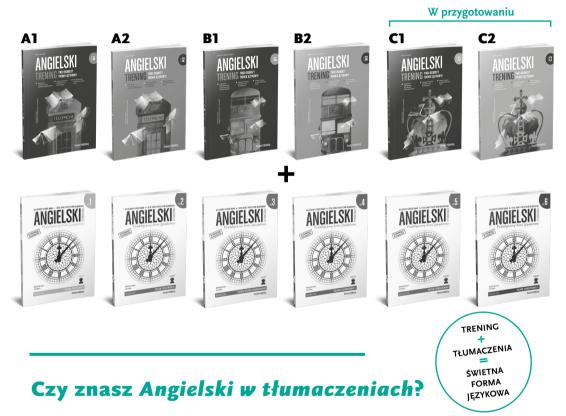
O serii

Cykl **Angielski. Trening** łączy w sobie cechy praktycznego repetytorium gramatycznego i rozrywki umysłowej. Znajdziesz w nim prosto wyłożoną teorię, ciekawe ćwiczenia, testy oraz krzyżówki językowe.

Poszczególne rozdziały są powiązane z zagadnieniami gramatycznymi z serii książek **Angielski w tłumaczeniach. Gramatyka**. Zawarliśmy tutaj zadania, które stanowią doskonałe uzupełnienie dla korzystających z niej osób.



Seria **Angielski w tłumaczeniach. Gramatyka** to praktyczny kurs językowy na poziomie A1-C2 wraz z nagraniami MP3. Najważniejsze zagadnienia gramatyczne, ułożone zgodnie ze stopniem trudności, są w nim omawiane krok po kroku. Uczysz się ich poprzez tłumaczenie zdań z języka codziennego.

Z pomocą tych książek:

- wzbogacisz swoje wypowiedzi i wyeliminujesz błędy,
- poznasz przydatne słownictwo oraz użyteczne wyrażenia,
- poćwiczysz wymowę, a także konstruowanie poprawnych zdań.

Wstęp

Oddajemy w Twoje ręce książkę, która pomoże Ci w nauce języka angielskiego na poziomie średnio zaawansowanym (B2). Jeśli udało Ci się już wykonać ćwiczenia z poprzednich części (A1, A2 i B1), z pewnością masz ochotę na więcej! Jeśli natomiast dopiero zaczynasz swą przygodę z naszą serią treningów, zapewniamy, że znajdziesz tu mnóstwo zadań, które zwiększą Twoją językową siłę i gibkość.

Ta książka to idealna propozycja dla każdego, kto chce uczyć się samodzielnie. Stanowi ona również świetne uzupełnienie nauki dla tych, którzy przygotowują się do egzaminów, m.in. matury na poziomie rozszerzonym. Można tu bowiem znaleźć typowe zadania egzaminacyjne takie jak transformacje czy częściowe tłumaczenia. Zawarliśmy tu także ciekawe autorskie rodzaje ćwiczeń, na jakie nie trafisz w żadnym innym repetytorium!

Książka ta, podobnie jak poprzednie części, została pomyślana jako uzupełnienie naszej serii Angielski w tłumaczeniach. Gramatyka, ale można z nią również śmiało pracować odrębnie. Chociaż rozdziały są ułożone tak jak w czwartym tomie serii gramatycznej, możesz dowolnie wybierać interesujące Cię zagadnienia i wykonywać tylko określone zadania. Nauka w zaproponowanej przez nas kolejności ma jednak przewagę, ponieważ rozdziały w sposób przemyślany przechodzą pomiędzy zagadnieniami, w związku z czym te trudniejsze ćwiczone są później.

Aby ułatwić Ci pracę, każdy rozdział rozpoczynamy od ramki ze skrótowym przypomnieniem omawianego zagadnienia. Następną jego część stanowią ćwiczenia, które ułożone są od całkiem prostych do tych trochę bardziej wymagających. Poprawność Twoich odpowiedzi możesz sprawdzić w kluczu, znajdującym się na końcu książki. Trudniejsze słowa pojawiające się w ćwiczeniach zostały przetłumaczone w słowniczkach zamykających każdy rozdział, tak aby nie trzeba było przerywać ćwiczeń zaglądaniem do słownika. Co więcej, pod koniec książki znajdziesz dział z krzyżówkami, z pomocą których sprawdzisz, jak dobrze Ci się one utrwaliły. W ten sposób z naszą książką poćwiczysz nie tylko gramatykę, ale też i nowe słówka!

Jesteśmy pewni, że rozwiązując nasze zadania, zrobisz szybkie postępy w nauce i że przyniesie Ci ona dużo satysfakcji. Pamiętaj, że najważniejsza jest motywacja i systematyczność. Dlatego też postaraj się regularnie wykonywać językowe treningi. Przygotuj więc coś do pisania, zarezerwuj trochę czasu i rozpocznij systematyczną pracę z Twoim osobistym trenerem języka angielskiego!

Autorka i zespół Preston Publishing

Mój plan nauki Oto moje postępy:

| | Do tego chcę wrócić | To już umiem |
|---|------------------------|--------------|
| 1. Review of tenses Powtórka czasów | | |
| 2. Present Perfect vs Past Simple Czas teraźniejszy dokonany vs przeszły prosty | | |
| 3. Irregular verbs Czasowniki nieregularne | | |
| 4. Gerund and infinitive Czasownik z końcówką <i>-ing</i> a bezokolicznik | | |
| 5. Bare infinitive Bezokolicznik bez <i>to</i> | | |
| 6. Past Perfect Czas zaprzeszły | | |
| 7. Past Perfect Continuous. Comparison of perfect tenses Czas zaprzeszły ciągły. Porównanie czasów typu <i>perfect</i> | | |
| 8. Reported speech Mowa zależna | | |
| 9. Questions in reported speech Pytania w mowie zależnej | | |
| 10. Indirect imperatives and requests Rozkazy i prośby w mowie zależnej | | |
| 11. Third conditional Trzeci tryb warunkowy | | |
| 12. Wish Użycie wish | | |
| 13. Modal verbs. Possibility and probability Czasowniki modalne. Możliwość i prawdopodobieństwo | | |
| 14. Modal verbs in the past Czasowniki modalne w czasie przeszłym | | |
| 15. Passive voice Strona bierna | | |
| 16. Questions in passive voice Pytania w stronie biernej | | |
| 17. Purpose clauses Zdania celowe | | |
| 18. Linking words. Contrast and concession Spójniki. Kontrast i przyzwolenie | | |

Mój plan nauki Oto moje postępy:

| | Do tego chcę wrócić | To już umiem |
|---|------------------------|--------------|
| 19. Adding information, giving reasons Dodawanie informacji, podawanie przyczyn | | |
| 20. So, such, so many, so much Użycie so, such, so many, so much | | |
| 21. Relative pronouns Zaimki względne | | |
| 22. Relative clauses and prepositions Zdania względne i przyimki | | |
| 23. Other, another, others Użycie other, another i others | | |
| 24. Make and do Użycie make i do | | |
| 25. Say and tell Użycie say i tell | | |
| 26. There in different tenses There w różnych czasach | | |
| 27. Wonder Użycie wonder | | |
| 28. Exclamatory sentences Zdania wykrzyknikowe | | |
| 29. Echo questions Krótkie reakcje w formie pytań | | |
| 30. Articles and geographical names Przedimki i nazwy geograficzne | | |
| 31. Countries and nationalities Kraje i narodowości | | |
| 32. Numbers Liczby | | |
| 33. Prepositions Przyimki | | |
| 34. Common mistakes Często popełniane błędy | | |
| 35. Expressions Wyrażenia | | |
| Review – test yourself! Powtórzenie – sprawdź się! | | |

Unit 5 Bare infinitive

W zwrotach z niektórymi czasownikami pojawia się tzw. *bare infinitive* (dosł. nagi bezokolicznik), czyli **czasownik w bezokoliczniku bez poprzedzającego go słowa to**.

Bare infinitive używany jest w następujących zwrotach:



| to make sb <u>do</u> sth* | sprawić, żeby ktoś coś zrobił; zmusić kogoś do zrobienia czegoś |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| to let sb <u>do</u> sth | pozwolić komuś na zrobienie czegoś |
| to have sb <u>do</u> sth | nakazać komuś zrobienie czegoś |
| to see sb <u>do</u> sth** | zobaczyć, że ktoś coś robi |
| to hear sb <u>do</u> sth** | usłyszeć, jak ktoś coś robi |

Formy bare infinitive używamy także po:

- wyrażeniu had better, aby przekazać sugestię lub radę, np. You had better go to the doctor – Lepiej, żebyś poszedł do lekarza;
- wyrażeniach would rather i would sooner, aby powiedzieć, że ktoś coś by wolał, np. I would rather be on the beach now – Wolałabym teraz być na plaży;
- czasownikach modalnych, np. He can imitate voices like nobody else On potrafi naśladować głosy jak nikt inny.

| | Przetłumacz | fragmenty | zdań | nodana w | nawiasach | na iaz | vk and | ناءادان |
|---|-------------|-----------|------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|----------|
| • | Przenumacz | iragmenty | Zuan | podane w | nawiasach | na jęz | ykanı≱ | gieiski. |

| 1. | Our teacher | (pozwala nam | korzystać z) |
|----|--|--------------|--------------|
| | different resources when we work on a writing assign | ment. | |

^{*} Możemy też użyć to get, ale z czasownikiem poprzedzonym to: to get sb to do sth, np. I got them to tidy their desks – Kazałem im posprzątać / Przekonałem ich, żeby posprzątali swoje biurka. W stronie biernej w konstrukcji z to make pojawia się to, np. I was made to sign it – Zmuszono mnie do podpisania tego.

^{**} Czasowniki to see i to hear (oraz inne, takie jak to feel, to listen) mogą pojawiać się również z czasownikiem w formie gerund, wtedy gdy chodzi o obserwowanie tylko części czynności, np. I saw them arguing – Widziałem, jak się kłócili (osoba mówiąca widziała tylko fragment kłótni).

| It was such a moving scene that it | (sprawiła, |
|---|--|
| że się popłakałam). | |
| I | (nie usłyszałem, jak zadzwonił budzik) this |
| morning, so I overslept and was late f | or school. |
| | (daj znać) if you get any new details about |
| the case. | |
| She | (wolałaby zosta \hat{c}) at home tonight. |
| They | (zmusili nas, żebyśmy zmienili) our logo |
| Everybody | (widzieli, jak wychodziłeś) the ho- |
| tel, so don't lie that you were not then | e then. |
| <u> </u> | (pozwól, że pomogę) you with those boxes. |
| | (poczuł, jak serce mu przestało bić) for |
| a moment. | , |
| What kind of humour | (cię śmieszy)? |
| | (niech ona zaczeka) with the toast until |
| I finish my speech. | , |
| • • | (obejrzeliśmy, jak samolot wystartował) |
| | (zniknął) into the clouds. |
| | (wolałabym nie dowiadywać się) about such |
| things at the very last moment. | , , , , |
| • | (niech ona zacznie), then I will follow. |
| | (lepiej nie otwieraj) this parcel, what if there's |
| a bomb inside? | , , , |
| | |
| Wstaw czasowniki z nawiasów w o lub bez. | dpowiednich formach bezokolicznika: z to |
| iub bez. | |
| She didn't let us (say |) a word, she just went on and on about her |
| feelings! | |
| I don't understand why I wasn't allow | ed (see) my mother when |
| I visited her yesterday? | |
| My mum makes me | (make) my bed every day. |
| They kept him hostage and during this | s time he was made (work) for |
| them for free. | |
| Generally, I prefer (wat | tch) films at home rather than go to the cinema. |
| We would rather (go | |
| I heard him (call) my | · |
| ` ' | ventually, we got her (do) the |
| project with us. | . 5 |

prestonpublishing.pl Unit 5 • Bare infinitive

| 9. | They refused (give) my money back, so I sued them. |
|-------------|---|
| 10 . | We stayed until the end of the contest and then listened to the judge |
| | (announce) the winner. |
| 11. | You shouldn't (believe) everything he says. |
| 12. | After two hours he managed (repair) the roof. |
| 13. | My dad lets me (use) his printer. |
| 14. | I saw him (steal) a bar of chocolate. |
| 15. | Have them (tidy) their rooms. |
| 3. | Przekształć zdania, tak aby użyć podanych słów i zachować oryginalne znaczenie. |
| 1. | Riding your bike without a helmet is foolish. RIDE |
| | It is your bike without a helmet. |
| 2. | The teacher made us learn the rules by heart. MADE |
| | We the rules by heart. |
| 3. | She never lets me do what I like. ALLOWED |
| | I what I like. |
| 4. | Please, release me! LET |
| | Please |
| 5 . | I always smile when I see this commercial. SMILE |
| | This commercial always |
| 6. | He said some nasty words to her and I heard it. SAY |
| | I some nasty words to her. |
| 7 . | Talking is not allowed during the exam. TALK |
| | Nobody during the exam. |
| 8. | It would be good if he did it on his own. HIM |
| | Let on his own. |
| 4. | Znasz baśń <i>Nowe szaty cesarza</i> ? Wybierz poprawne opcje i uzupełnij zdanie poniżej literami, które są do nich przypisane, a dowiesz się, jaka jest nasza odpowiedź na pytanie, dlaczego cesarz jest nagi? |
| 1. | Once upon a time there was an emperor. He cared only about his appearance and |
| | didn't let nobody have (A) / didn't let anybody to have (N) / didn't let anybody have (B) |
| | more beautiful clothes than his. |
| 2. | He would rather wore (K) / would rather wear (A) / would rather to wear (R) differ- |

Unit 5 • Bare infinitive Angielski. Trening B2

He made everybody paid (I) / made everybody pay (R) / made everybody to pay (N)

ent outfits every day than be seen in the same clothes twice.

3.

him compliments.

- 4. When some tailors came to town claiming they had the most luxurious fabrics in the world, he had them to make (N) / had them to make (G) / had them make (E) the most beautiful clothes for him for a special day.
- 5. Of course, the tailors were frauds, they didn't have the fabrics, but they made every-body believe (I) / made everybody to believe (G) / make everybody believe (K) they were sewing the clothes for the emperor.
- 6. They told the emperor that only wise people can't see (M) / can to see (E) / could see (N) the clothes they were making.
- 7. When the emperor sent some of his wisest ministers to check on the tailors' work, they saw how the tailors working (C) / saw the tailors to work (O) / saw the tailors working (F), but they couldn't see any fabrics in their hands, so not wanting to appear stupid, they lied that the clothes were amazing.
- 8. On the day of the special event, the emperor could finally to put (S) / could finally put (I) / can finally put (R) his new clothes on.
- Everybody notices him wearing (T) / noticed him wearing (N) / noticed him to wear (E)
 nothing at all on his bare body.
- However, they knew they mustn't admit (I) / mustn't to admit (B) / mustn't admitted (Y) it.
- 11. Suddenly, you can hear a child to shout (W) / could hear a child to shout (O) / could hear a child shout (T): 'Look! The emperor is naked!'
- 12. Everybody started to whisper, but the emperor didn't let it stop (I) / didn't let it from stopping (G) / didn't let it to stop (K) him from walking around proudly, despite being completely naked and looking stupid.
- 13. It was only much later that he realised he'd been cheated, and instantly he had every-body to close (D) / had everybody closed (E) / had everybody close (V) their eyes when he was around.
- 14. He was so embarrassed that he hid whenever he heard somebody to knock (H) / heard somebody knock (E) / hears somebody knock (C) at the door.
- 15. He had better don't have (K) / had better not to have (E) / had better not have (S) such ludicrous ideas!

| Why is the emperor naked? | | |
|---------------------------|------|------|
| Because he uses too many | | |

prestonpublishing.pl Unit 5 • Bare infinitive



to announce – ogłaszać nasty – niegrzeczny, niemiły to claim – twierdzić outfit – strój eventually – ostatecznie to oversleep – zaspać to pay compliments – prawić komplementy foolish – głupi, nierozsądny fraud – oszust to release – uwolnić helmet – kask resources – zasoby, źródła hostage – zakładnik to sew – szyć initially – początkowo to sue – pozwać ludicrous - niedorzeczny, absurdalny to whisper – szeptać writing assignment – praca pisemna moving – wzruszający

| 7 | | | |
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Rozwiąż krzyżówkę na stronie 162.

| notes - |
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Unit 5 • Bare infinitive Angielski. Trening B2

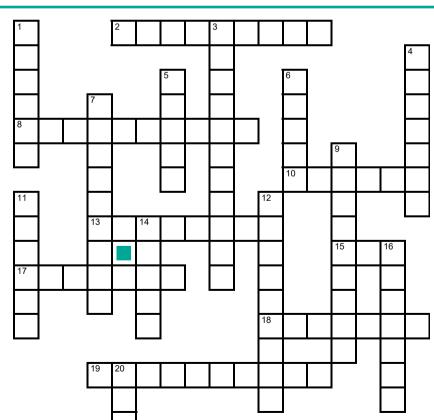
Rozwiąż krzyżówkę zawierającą słówka z rozdziału 5.

Across

- 2. niedorzeczny, absurdalny
- 8. ostatecznie
- 10. wzruszający
- 13. ogłaszać
- **15.** szyć
- 17. głupi, nierozsądny
- 18. uwolnić
- 19. writing _____ praca pisemna

Down

- 1. kask
- 3. to pay _____ prawić komplementy
- 4. zakładnik
- 5. oszust
- 6. twierdzić
- 7. początkowo
- 9. zaspać
- **11**. strój
- 12. zasoby, źródła
- 14. niegrzeczny, niemiły
- 16. szeptać
- 20. pozwać





7. 1. have decided to leave 2. have lived here
3. was she born 4. met her 5. has learnt 6. sent
him, hasn't replied 7. have already finished
8. haven't you started 9. never did/played
10. has never wanted 11. have watched this film
12. wanted to become, got interested, studied

UNIT 3

- 1. 1. went 2. written 3. flown 4. swam 5. done 6. drank 7. been 8. came 9. lent 10. chose 11. forgotten 12. given 13. put 14. beat 15. meant 16. worn 17. forgave 18. set 19. eaten 20. heard
- 2. 1. came, gave 2. woken 3. hid 4. lost 5. taught 6. broke 7. stolen 8. fell 9. chosen 10. began 11. sang 12. grew 13. seen 14. spoken 15. spent 16. broke 17. known 18. forgotten 19. cost 20. bitten
- 3. 1. ate, had to 2. lit 3. been 4. took / has taken 5. thought 6. torn 7. drank, left 8. spoilt/spoiled 9. woke 10. caught 11. sold 12. heard, seen 13. became 14. swam 15. made, forgave
- 4. 1. caught 2. rang 3. paid 4. become 5. knew 6. won 7. forgiven 8. understood 9. hung 10. shown 11. slept 12. driven 13. brought

UNIT 4

1. Gerund: mind, avoid, enjoy, suggest, keep, go, miss, recommend, practise

Infinitive: promise, decide, refuse, learn, seem, hope, would like, plan

Both: like, forget, stop, prefer, remember, try

- 2. 1. of buying 2. of moving 3. at solving 4. in seeing 5. for helping 6. about not passing 7. of stealing 8. about having 9. for losing 10. about lying
- 3. 1. She has decided to write a biography. 2. She refused to give an autograph to an aggressive fan yesterday. 3. She doesn't mind being photographed. 4. However, she hates being chased by paparazzi. 5. She is planning to have a big party next weekend. 6. She has already invited her friends to come. 7. She loves going shopping in luxurious shops. 8. She didn't agree to publish her private letters last year. 9. She wants to record an album. 10. She is considering

- giving an interview to Vogue. 11. In winter, she always goes skiing in/to the Alps. 12. In summer, she always avoids getting a tan. 13. Today she needs to talk to her manager and lawyer. 14. During the meeting she is going to discuss changing some details in her contract. 15. She practised singing in the morning, but now she is tired. 16. She doesn't feel like meeting anyone, but business is business. 17. She would prefer to read a book with a cup of hot tea. 18. She seems to miss being an ordinary girl.
- 4. 1. would like to do 2. Keep trying 3. miss spending 4. learnt to make 5. invited to share 6. mind winning 7. try to contact 8. suggested looking 9. plan to stay 10. seemed to understand 11. need to prepare 12. recommend having
- 5. 1. to be 2. to feel 3. to give 4. to open 5. to lock 6. waiting 7. checking 8. not to talk 9. contacting 10. going 11. to rent 12. postponing 13. to park 14. watching 15. to calm
- 6. 1. asked her to answer, avoided giving 2. would prefer not to go out 3. isn't planning to move out 4. offered to look after 5. discuss organising 6. have never liked performing / to perform 7. Do you mind closing 8. practise writing 9. missed seeing 10. would you like to get 11. She was / has been offered the chance to write 12. tried to open

UNIT 5

- 1. 1. lets us use 2. made me cry 3. didn't hear the alarm clock ring 4. Let me know 5. would rather stay 6. made us change 7. saw you leave/leaving 8. Let me help 9. felt his heart stop beating 10. makes you laugh 11. Let her wait 12. watched the plane take off, disappear 13. would rather not find out 14. Let her start 15. You had better not open
- 2. 1. say 2. to see 3. make 4. to work 5. to watch 6. go 7. call 8. to do 9. to give 10. announce 11. believe 12. to repair 13. use 14. steal 15. tidy
- 3. 1. foolish to ride 2. were made by the teacher to learn 3. am never allowed to do 4. let me go 5. makes me smile 6. heard him say 7. is allowed to talk 8. him do it

prestonpublishing.pl Klucz 181

4. 1. didn't let anybody have (B) 2. would rather wear (A) 3. made everybody pay (R) 4. had them make (E) 5. made everybody believe (I) 6. could see (N) 7. saw the tailors working (F) 8. could finally put (I) 9. noticed him wearing (N) 10. mustn't admit (I) 11. could hear a child shout (T) 12. didn't let it stop (I) 13. had everybody close (V) 14. heard somebody knock (E) 15. had better not have (S)

UNIT 6

- 1. 1. realised (2), had left (1) 2. had cooked (1), came back (2) 3. came (1), ate (2) (Pewnie czekali z obiadem). 4. came (2), had eaten (1) (Zjedli wcześniej). 5. understood (3), had got lost (2), hadn't taken (1) 6. had eaten (1), went (2) 7. opened (2), had left (1), started (3) 8. began (2), had sent (1) 9. looked around (1), picked up (2), put (3) (Te krótkie czynności następują jedna za drugą).
- 2. 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. b 6. a 7. b
- 3. 1. opened 2. noticed 3. had exchanged 4. had been 5. made 6. went 7. was 8. looked 9. found 10. had taught 11. told 12. had retired 13. had moved 14. felt 15. talked 16. recalled 17. had studied 18. remembered 19. had skipped 20. left 21. had spent 22. was 23. had had 24. grew up
- 4. 1. saw, had broken, ran 2. got, had eaten 3. retired, had worked 4. had to, had forgotten 5. felt, had had 6. had unpacked / unpacked, went out 7. Did, feel, had taken 8. had gone, arrived 9. had, found, started 10. became, had studied 11. had written, died 12. had lied, met

UNIT 7

- 1. 1. had been crying 2. had been running 3. had been painting 4. had been working 5. had been waiting 6. had been eating 7. had been playing 8. had been trying 9. had been listening 10. had been dancing
- 2. 1. had been practising 2. both 3. had done
 4. had been saving 5. hadn't set 6. had you
 been learning 7. had never met 8. had been
 packing 9. had been 10. had checked 11. had been
 preparing 12. had been working

- 3. 1. had been walking, realised, had taken 2. bought, had lived 3. finished, had talked, had written, had made 4. had been working / had worked, retired 5. had managed 6. had been sitting, realised, decided 7. were, had been raining 8. got, had been going 9. went, had recommended 10. had been trying, had sold 11. performed, had been preparing 12. visited, had expected, had seen 13. was, hadn't eaten 14. was, had snowed / had been snowing 15. landed, had been waiting, arrived
- 4. 1. had never been 2. have just published 3. 4. / had ever eaten (jeśli chcemy uwydatnić to, że do tamtego momentu nie jadł lepszego) 5. Have you been working 6. you have just missed / (US) 7. had seen 8. were sad because they had lost 9. 10. had already gone 11. 12. had been baking

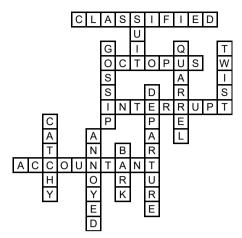
UNIT 8

- 1. 1. that night 2. the previous day / the day before 3. that week 4. the previous month 5. the next day / the following day 6. there 7. the following week 8. then 9. three days before
- 2. 1. said 2. asked 3. say 4. told 5. ask 6. tell 7. told, had asked, said 8. say 9. ask 10. says/said 11. tell 12. asked, to say 13. telling 14. asked 15. says/said, tell/told
- 3. 1. he, me 2. her, them 3. my, him, me 4. I, them 5. she, his 6. their, me, my 7. his, he, her, they 8. they, us, our 9. she, his, their 10. she, his, her 11. his, mine 12. they, us, their, our
- 4. 1. would do 2. had gone 3. was, was having 4. will go, tomorrow 5. had checked, was, to go 6. was going to 7. rises 8. had been 9. would 10. liked 11. had done 12. are going to, next
- 5. 1. you didn't have any brothers or sisters 2. you were a vegetarian 3. you would never eat spinach 4. your parents hadn't let you see that movie 5. you had never had surgery 6. you could swim very well
- 6. 1. she hoped Santa was fine and he would get her letter in time before Christmas. 2. there had been big changes in their/her family that

182 Klucz Angielski. Trening B2

Rozwiązania krzyżówek

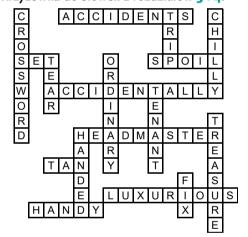
Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziału 1.



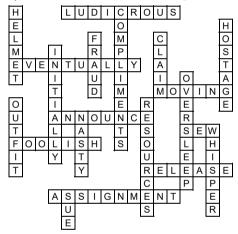
Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziału 2.



Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziałów 3 i 4.



Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziału 5.



Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziałów 6 i 7.



Krzyżówka do słówek z rozdziałów 8 i 9.

